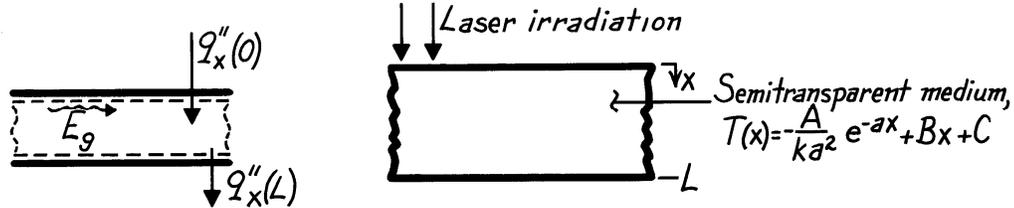


### PROBLEM 2.37

**KNOWN:** Temperature distribution in a semi-transparent medium subjected to radiative flux.

**FIND:** (a) Expressions for the heat flux at the front and rear surfaces, (b) Heat generation rate  $\dot{q}(x)$ ,  
(c) Expression for absorbed radiation per unit surface area in terms of  $A$ ,  $a$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ ,  $L$ , and  $k$ .

**SCHEMATIC:**



**ASSUMPTIONS:** (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) One-dimensional conduction in medium, (3) Constant properties, (4) All laser irradiation is absorbed and can be characterized by an internal volumetric heat generation term  $\dot{q}(x)$ .

**ANALYSIS:** (a) Knowing the temperature distribution, the surface heat fluxes are found using Fourier's law,

$$q''_x = -k \left[ \frac{dT}{dx} \right] = -k \left[ -\frac{A}{ka^2} (-a) e^{-ax} + B \right]$$

$$\text{Front Surface, } x=0: \quad q''_x(0) = -k \left[ +\frac{A}{ka} \cdot 1 + B \right] = -\left[ \frac{A}{a} + kB \right] \quad <$$

$$\text{Rear Surface, } x=L: \quad q''_x(L) = -k \left[ +\frac{A}{ka} e^{-aL} + B \right] = -\left[ \frac{A}{a} e^{-aL} + kB \right]. \quad <$$

(b) The heat diffusion equation for the medium is

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{dT}{dx} \right) + \frac{\dot{q}}{k} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \dot{q} = -k \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{dT}{dx} \right)$$

$$\dot{q}(x) = -k \frac{d}{dx} \left[ +\frac{A}{ka} e^{-ax} + B \right] = A e^{-ax}. \quad <$$

(c) Performing an energy balance on the medium,

$$\dot{E}_{\text{in}} - \dot{E}_{\text{out}} + \dot{E}_g = 0$$

recognize that  $\dot{E}_g$  represents the absorbed irradiation. On a unit area basis

$$\dot{E}_g'' = -\dot{E}_{\text{in}}'' + \dot{E}_{\text{out}}'' = -q''_x(0) + q''_x(L) = +\frac{A}{a} (1 - e^{-aL}). \quad <$$

Alternatively, evaluate  $\dot{E}_g''$  by integration over the volume of the medium,

$$\dot{E}_g'' = \int_0^L \dot{q}(x) dx = \int_0^L A e^{-ax} dx = -\frac{A}{a} \left[ e^{-ax} \right]_0^L = \frac{A}{a} (1 - e^{-aL}).$$