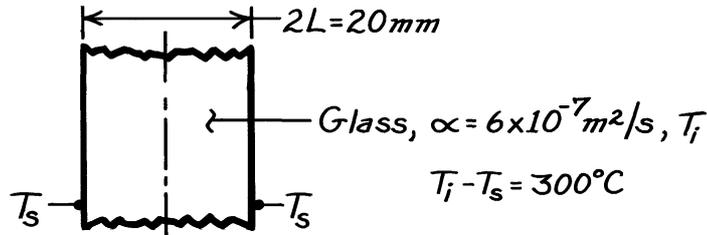


PROBLEM 5.57

KNOWN: Initial temperature, thickness and thermal diffusivity of glass plate. Prescribed surface temperature.

FIND: (a) Time to achieve 50% reduction in midplane temperature, (b) Maximum temperature gradient at that time.

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) One-dimensional conduction, (2) Constant properties.

ANALYSIS: Prescribed surface temperature is analogous to $h \rightarrow \infty$ and $T_\infty = T_s$. Hence, $Bi = \infty$. Assume validity of one-term approximation to series solution for $T(x,t)$.

(a) At the midplane,

$$\theta_o^* = \frac{T_o - T_s}{T_i - T_s} = 0.50 = C_1 \exp(-\zeta_1^2 Fo)$$

$$\zeta_1 \tan \zeta_1 = Bi = \infty \rightarrow \zeta_1 = \pi/2.$$

Hence

$$C_1 = \frac{4 \sin \zeta_1}{2 \zeta_1 + \sin(2 \zeta_1)} = \frac{4}{\pi} = 1.273$$

$$Fo = -\frac{\ln(\theta_o^*/C_1)}{\zeta_1^2} = 0.379$$

$$t = \frac{Fo L^2}{\alpha} = \frac{0.379 (0.01 \text{ m})^2}{6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}} = 63 \text{ s.} \quad <$$

(b) With $\theta^* = C_1 \exp(-\zeta_1^2 Fo) \cos \zeta_1 x^*$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = \frac{(T_i - T_s)}{L} \frac{\partial \theta^*}{\partial x^*} = -\frac{(T_i - T_s)}{L} \zeta_1 C_1 \exp(-\zeta_1^2 Fo) \sin \zeta_1 x^*$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right|_{\max} = \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right|_{x^*=1} = -\frac{300^\circ \text{C}}{0.01 \text{ m}} \frac{\pi}{2} 0.5 = -2.36 \times 10^4 \text{ }^\circ \text{C/m.} \quad <$$

COMMENTS: Validity of one-term approximation is confirmed by $Fo > 0.2$.