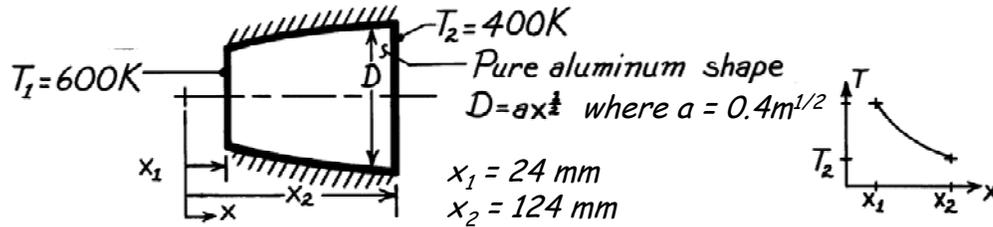


PROBLEM 3.39

KNOWN: Conduction in a conical section with prescribed diameter, D , as a function of x in the form $D = ax^{1/2}$.

FIND: (a) Temperature distribution, $T(x)$, (b) Heat transfer rate, q_x .

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) One-dimensional conduction in x -direction, (3) No internal heat generation, (4) Constant properties.

PROPERTIES: Table A-1, Pure Aluminum (500K): $k = 236 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$.

ANALYSIS: (a) Based upon the assumptions, and following the same methodology of Example 3.4, q_x is a constant independent of x . Accordingly,

$$q_x = -kA \frac{dT}{dx} = -k \left[\pi \left(ax^{1/2} \right)^2 / 4 \right] \frac{dT}{dx} \quad (1)$$

using $A = \pi D^2 / 4$ where $D = ax^{1/2}$. Separating variables and identifying limits,

$$\frac{4q_x}{\pi a^2 k} \int_{x_1}^x \frac{dx}{x} = - \int_{T_1}^T dT. \quad (2)$$

Integrating and solving for $T(x)$ and then for T_2 ,

$$T(x) = T_1 - \frac{4q_x}{\pi a^2 k} \ln \frac{x}{x_1} \quad T_2 = T_1 - \frac{4q_x}{\pi a^2 k} \ln \frac{x_2}{x_1}. \quad (3,4)$$

Solving Eq. (4) for q_x and then substituting into Eq. (3) gives the results,

$$q_x = -\frac{\pi}{4} a^2 k (T_1 - T_2) / \ln (x_1 / x_2) \quad (5)$$

$$T(x) = T_1 + (T_1 - T_2) \frac{\ln (x/x_1)}{\ln (x_1/x_2)}. \quad <$$

From Eq. (1) note that $(dT/dx) \cdot x = \text{Constant}$. It follows that $T(x)$ has the distribution shown above.

(b) The heat rate follows from Eq. (5),

$$q_x = -\frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.4^2) \text{ m} \times 236 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}\cdot\text{K}} (600 - 400) \text{ K} / \ln \frac{24}{124} = 3.61 \text{ kW}. \quad <$$