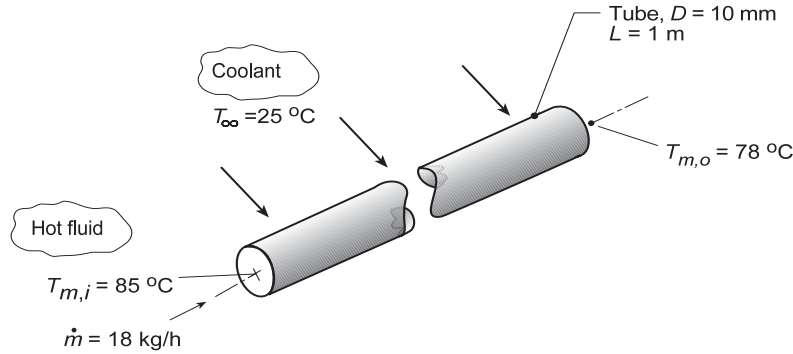


PROBLEM 8.60

KNOWN: Hot fluid passing through a thin-walled tube with coolant in cross flow over the tube. Fluid flow rate and inlet and outlet temperatures.

FIND: Outlet temperature, $T_{m,o}$, if the flow rate is increased by a factor of 2 with all other conditions the same.

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) Hot fluid is incompressible with negligible viscous dissipation, (3) Constant properties, (4) Fully developed flow and thermal conditions, (5) Convection coefficients, \bar{h}_o and \bar{h}_i , independent of temperature, and (6) Negligible wall thermal resistance.

PROPERTIES: Hot fluid (Given): $\rho = 1079 \text{ kg/m}^3$, $c_p = 2637 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}$, $\mu = 0.0034 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s/m}^2$, $k = 0.261 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$.

ANALYSIS: For conditions prescribed in the Schematic, Eq 8.45a can be used to evaluate the overall convection coefficient with $P = \pi D$,

$$\frac{T_\infty - T_{m,o}}{T_\infty - T_{m,i}} = \exp\left(-\frac{PL}{\dot{m}_o c_p} \bar{U}\right) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{(25 - 78)^\circ\text{C}}{(25 - 85)^\circ\text{C}} = \exp\left(-\frac{\pi \times 0.010 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ m}}{(18/3600) \text{ kg/s} \times 2637 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}} \bar{U}\right)$$

$$\bar{U} = 52.1 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

The overall coefficient can be expressed in terms of the inside and outside coefficients,

$$\bar{U} = \left(1/\bar{h}_i + 1/\bar{h}_o\right)^{-1} \quad (2)$$

Characterize the internal flow with the Reynolds number, Eq. 8.6,

$$\text{Re}_D = \frac{4\dot{m}_o}{\pi D \mu} = \frac{4 \times (18/3600) \text{ kg/s}}{\pi \times 0.010 \text{ m} \times 0.0034 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s/m}^2} = 187$$

and since the flow is laminar, and assumed to be fully developed, \bar{h}_i will not change when the flow rate is doubled. That is, $\bar{U} = 52.1 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$ when $\dot{m} = 2\dot{m}_o$. Using Eq. (1) again, but with $T_{m,o}$ unknown,

$$\frac{(25 - T_{m,o})^\circ\text{C}}{(25 - 85)^\circ\text{C}} = \exp\left(-\frac{\pi \times 0.010 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ m}}{2(18/3600) \text{ kg/s} \times 2637 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}} \times 52.1 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}\right)$$

$$T_{m,o} = 81.4^\circ\text{C}$$

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COMMENTS: Examine the assumptions and explain why they were necessary in order to affect the solution.